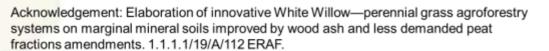


# Biochar in Latvia and ongoing activities in Silava

**Biochar in forestry - SNS workshop** 

Gardermoen, Norway, 15-16 June 2021

Kristaps Makovskis, Dagnija Lazdina, Latvia State Forest Research Institute 'Silava' (LSFRI Silava) e-mail: kristaps.makovskis@silava.lv





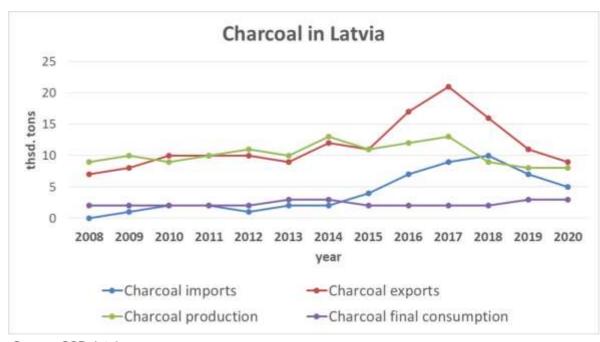


## **Charcoal in Latvia**



Latvia Wood; charcoal (including shell or nut charcoal), whether or not agglomerated exports by country in 2019

Partner	Trade Value, USD	Quantity, thousand tons
World	7 171 600	11.9109
France	5 382 950	8.96102
Lithuania	761 790	0.993419
Estonia	657 <b>9</b> 30	0.914429
Poland	118 170	0.619051
Sweden	96 470	0.167463
United Kingdom Denmark	53 310 31 950	0.061024 0.032769
Qatar	19 180	0.034976
Finland	15 940	0.045077
Ireland	14 870	0.016092
Norway	5 730	0.02955
Iceland	5 460	0.005805
Italy	4 540	0.027
Germany	2 140	0.0017
Netherlands	1 000	0.0013
Switzerland	170	0.00025



Source: CSB database

Source: https://wits.worldbank.org/trade/comtrade/en/country/LVA/year/2019/tradeflow/Exports/partner/ALL/product/440200

## Legislations





Republic of Latvia

Cabinet
Regulation No. 506
Adopted 1 September 2015

Regulations Regarding the Identification, Quality Conformity Assessment and Sale of Fertilisers and Substrates

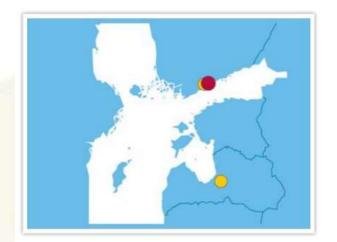
Issued pursuant to Section 4, Paragraph one, Clause 1 of the Law on Circulation of Fertilisers



Biochar is not mentioned in the regulations. The law does not affect their use for fertilization.

# Previous projects in Silava





Duration: Jul 2011 - Dec 2013 (2 years, 6 months)

The project sought to improve the cooperation and knowledge between local and regional energy producers, potential consumers, local enterprises, universities and research institutes. The project also worked on the promotion

of biocoal market development.

### **Partners**

#### University of Helsinki, Department of the Forest Sciences

Country: Finland Region: Uusimaa

ERDF funding: 382 358 €

Amount of eligible national funding: 129 119 €

#### The Forestry Development Centre

Tapio

Country: Finland Region: Uusimaa

ERDF funding: 357 655 €

Amount of eligible national funding: 119 218 €

#### Latvia State Forest Research Institute "Silava" (LSFRI Silava)

Country: Latvia Region: Pieriga

ERDF funding: 138 863 €

Amount of eligible national funding: 24 505 €

### Latvia State Forest Research

Institute "Silava" (LSFRI Silava)

Country: Latvia Region: Pieriga

ERDF funding: 138 863 €

Amount of eligible national funding: 24 505 €







## **Publications in Latvia**





Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

## Biomass and Bioenergy

journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/biomblos



Research paper

Granulation of fly ash and biochar with organic lake sediments – A way to sustainable utilization of waste from bioenergy production



Zane Vincevica-Gaile<sup>a, a</sup>, Karina Stankevica<sup>a</sup>, Kristine Irtiseva<sup>b</sup>, Andrei Shishkin<sup>b</sup>, Vaira Obuka<sup>a</sup>, Santa Celma<sup>a</sup>, Jurijs Ozolins<sup>b</sup>, Maris Klavins<sup>a</sup>

In general, utilization of bioenergy production waste together with organic-rich lake sediments is one of the ways forward sustainable reuse of waste materials as well as it leads to protect freshwater lakes from overgrowing due to sapropel removal from lakes. Granules derived from fly ash or biochar together with sapropel might be a future product applied in agriculture in case of run out of natural resources, e.g., shortage of peat deposits.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> Rudolfs Condins Riga Biomaterials Innovations and Development Centre of RTU, Institute of General Chemical Engineering, Faculty of Materials Science and Applied Chemistry, Riga Technical University (RTU), Pulka Street 3, LV-1007, Riga, Latvia

## **Publications in Latvia**





### Bioogles un sapropeļa izmantošanas iespējas augsnes substrāta izveidē



Bakalaura darba "Bloogles un sapropeļa izmantošanas lespējas augsnes substrāta izveidē" teorētiskajā daļā, tika veikta zinātniskās literatūras analīze par augsnes aktuālajām problēmām un iespējamajiem risinājumiem. Tika apkopota zinātniskā informācija par bioogli un sapropeli, kā arī to īpašībām. Darba gaitā tika izgatavotas augsnes substrāta granulas no bioogles un Piksteres ezera sapropeļa. Izejmateriāliem noteikts ķīmiskais sastāvs, peinu saturs, ūdens izvilkuma pH un elektrovadītspēja. Izveidotajām granulām noteikti ķīmiskie un fiziskie parametri (ķīmiskais sastāvs, mehāniskā izturība, blīvums u.c.) Bioogles suspensijā audzējot sīpolus, tika noteikta bioogles ietekme uz augu attīstību. Granulu efektivitāte novērtēta veicot audzēšanas eksperimentu ar salātiem. Eksperimentā ar kontroli salīdzinātas trīs granulu koncentrācijas. Pētījuma rezultātā noteikts, ka bioogle veicina sīpolu sakņu attīstību. Turklāt salātu attīstība būtiski labāk noritēja, ja augsnei pievienoti 15% bioogles un Piksteres ezera sapropeļa granulu. Bakalaura darba projekts sastāv no 49 lappusēm un satur 16 attēlus un 9 tabulas.

During the practical part of the thesis biochar granules were made using lake Pikstere sapropel as a binder. For both components chemical composition, ash content, pH and electrical conductivity were analysed. Physical and chemical properties (such as chemical composition, mechanical strength, density, etc.) were determined for granules. Spring onions were grown in biochar suspension to evaluate biochars' effect on plant development.

Results of this study show that biochar promotes onion root development. Lettuce showed significantly better growth results with 15% biochar-sapropel granule addition to the soil.

## Silava project ERAF 112



Soil degradation across Europe is now happening because mineral fertilizers are increasingly used, due to intensive farming organic fertilizers are used less, resulting in organic matter being carried out by crops, the soil becomes vulnerable and easily eroded.

The scientific objective in ERAF 112 project: "to develop innovative solutions and technologies for sustainable establishment of White Willow - perennial grass agroforestry systems aiming return acid mineral soil marginal areas in the bioeconomy by using of organic soil amendments – side products from peat production and wood ash"



Elaboration of innovative White Willow—perennial grass agroforestry systems on marginal mineral soils improved by wood ash and less demanded peat fractions amendments. 1.1.1.1/19/A/112 ERAF.









# Where we get Biochar for our ERAF 112 project?



Ražošana

# *Marienburg* uzsācis bio-ogļu ražošanu

Db.lv, 11.02.2022



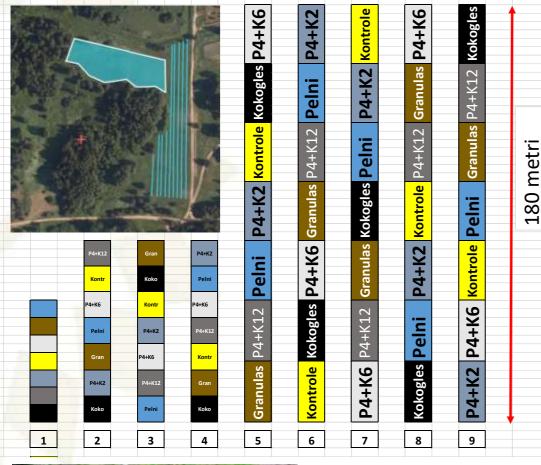
Gan bio-ogles (p>Gan bio-ogles, gan grilogles (attēlā) ir kokogļu veidi, bet atšķirībā no griloglēm, bio-ogles ir granulveida.

Last year, more than 600 000 euros were invested in the technological reorganization of the plant, which has created an opportunity to start the technological production of biocharcoal.

According to market forecasts, the size of the global bio-coal market will double by 2021 and reach two billion in 2026.

This year, the Marienburg plant is ready to provide up to 20 tons of bio-coal to Latvian farmers free of charge by trying this innovative product.

## Silava project ERAF 112











# Thank You for Your attention











INVESTING IN YOUR FUTURE

Acknowledgement: Elaboration of innovative White Willow—perennial grass agroforestry systems on marginal mineral soils improved by wood ash and less demanded peat fractions amendments. 1.1.1.1/19/A/112 ERAF.





IEGULDĪJUMS TAVĀ NĀKOTNĒ

Atbalsts: Inovatīvu Baltā vītola-daudzgadīgo zālaugu agromežsaimniecības sistēmu ierīkošana ar koksnes pelnu un mazāk pieprasīto kūdras frakciju maisījumiem ielabotās marginālās minerālaugsnēs. 1.1.1.1/19/A/112 ERAF.